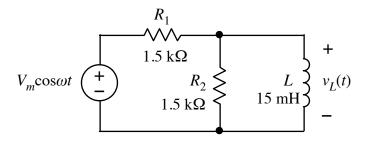
Name\_

Use AC analysis to find the complex voltage across the parallel combination of  $R_2$  and L. Express the result in magnitude/phase form.

The amplitude of the source is  $V_m = 5$  V, and the angular frequency is  $\omega = 10^5$  rad/s.

(It is not necessary to re-express the voltage in sinusoidal form, but you can if you want.)



## $\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{L}} = \_$